

Land Reforms and Rural Transformation in Ethiopia: Insights from 30 years of research

By Stein T. Holden Professor, School of Economics and Business, Norwegian University of Life Sciences Homepage: <u>www.steinholden.com</u>

Background



- The Radical Land Tenure Reform of 1975 and the Derg Period
 - All land is state land
 - All residents in a community have a **constitutional right to access land**
 - Land was distributed in an egalitarian way within communities
 - Maximum farm size of 10 ha
 - Land and labor markets were illegal
 - Land redistributions to maintain the egalitarian land distribution
- 1991 Change in Government and More Market Friendly Reforms
 - Land remained state land
 - Land renting and labor markets were allowed
 - Land sales and mortgaging of land remained illegal
 - -Created tenure insecurity due to weak land rights,
 - undermined investment incentives

Background, continued

- First-stage Land Registration and Certification 1998-2010
 - -Low cost approach
 - -Granted user rights to land into perpetuity
 - -Federal and Regional Land Law Reforms
 - Established local Land Administration Committees and Land Courts
 - -Land rental restriction adjustments
 - –Confiscation of land from households who have been away for more than two years
- Second-stage land registration and certification

-Modern tools, parcel-level certificates with maps

Studies in different parts of the Ethiopia[™]

Land Redistribution, Tenure Insecurity, and Intensity of Production: A Study of Farm Households in Southern Ethiopia

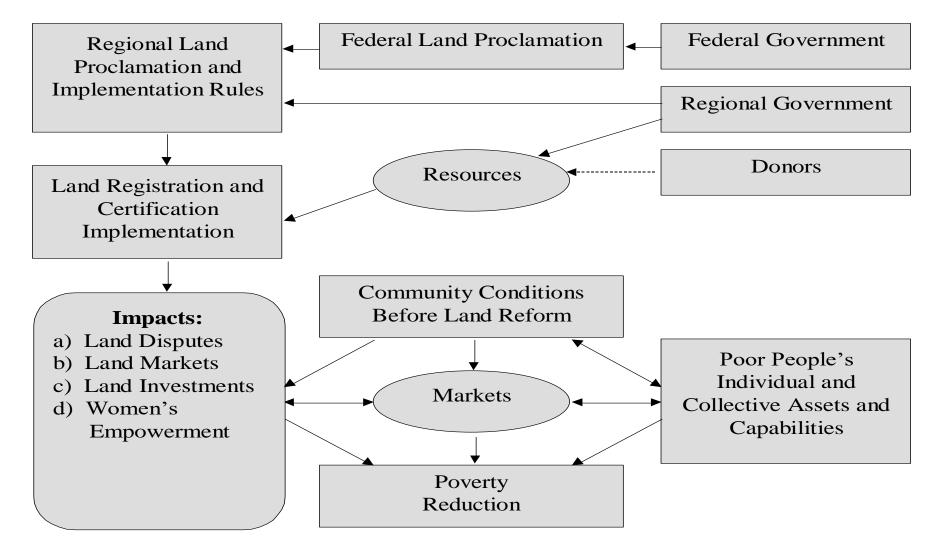
Stein Holden and Hailu Yohannes

identified severe tenure insecurity in some locations in Southern Ethiopia

Our household survey in Tigray in 1998 found that half of the households feared losing land in the next land redistribution – while the other half hoped to gain land.









Land certificates in Tigray

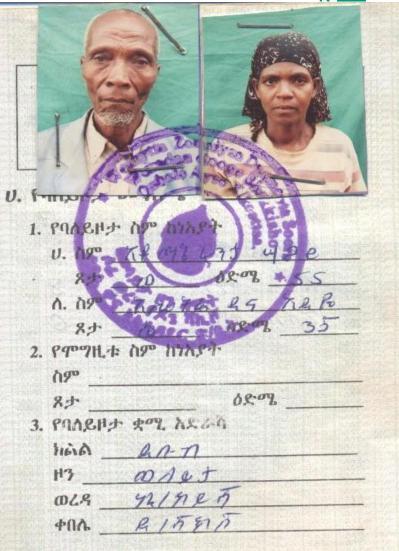


- Simple one-page certificates
 - Name of head of hh (husband not wife usually)
 - Name of location, plotsize, land quality of plots, and names of neighbours

Joint land certification of husbands and wives in Southern Ethiopia: Example certificate:

Women – from being the "property" of men to becoming equal co-owner of land?

How has this reform influenced women's position in the household?



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Rural Land Certification in Ethiopia: Process, Initial Impact, and Implications for Other African Countries

KLAUS DEININGER, DANIEL AYALEW ALI World Bank, Washington, DC, USA

STEIN HOLDEN Norwegian University of Life Sciences, Ås, Norway

and

JAAP ZEVENBERGEN * Delft University of Technology, Delft, Netherlands



Low-cost land certification impacts

IMPACTS OF LOW-COST LAND CERTIFICATION ON INVESTMENT AND PRODUCTIVITY

STEIN T. HOLDEN, KLAUS DEININGER, AND HOSAENA GHEBRU





Tenure Insecurity, Gender, Low-cost Land Certification and Land Rental Market Participation in Ethiopia

STEIN T. HOLDEN*, KLAUS DEININGER** & HOSAENA GHEBRU*

*Norwegian University of Life Sciences, Norway, **World Bank, Washington DC, USA



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Land Use Policy

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/landusepol

Demand for second-stage land certification in Ethiopia: Evidence from household panel data

Sosina Bezu*, Stein Holden

School of Economics and Business, Norwegian University of Life Sciences, P.O. Box 5003, 1432 Ås, Norway



Can land registration and certification reduce land border conflicts?

By

Stein Holden¹, Klaus Deininger² and Hosaena Ghebru¹ ¹Department of Economics and Resource Management, Norwegian University of Life Sciences, Norway Email: <u>stein.holden@nmbu.no</u> ²The World Bank, Washington, D.C.

12 The Gender Dimensions of Land Tenure Reforms in Ethiopia 1995–2020



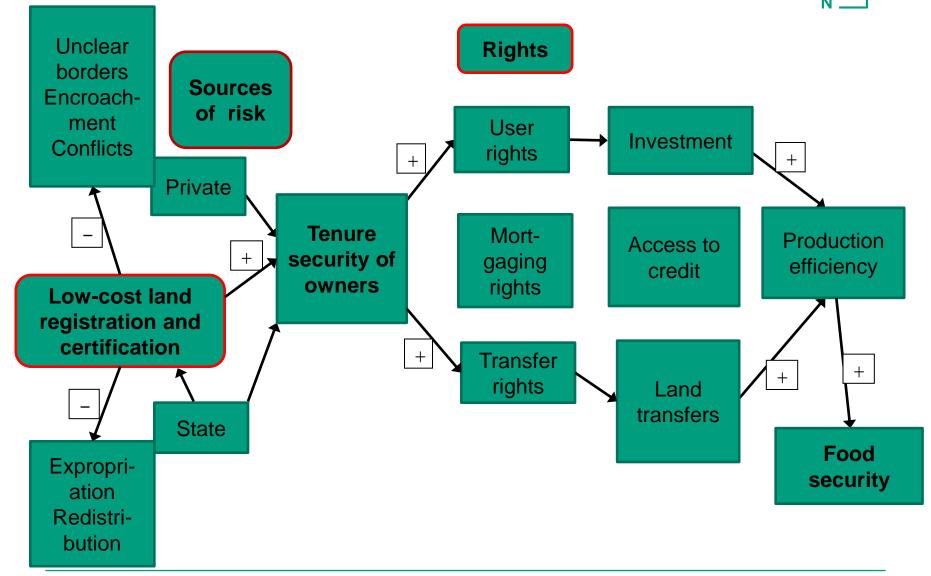
Stein T. Holden*

School of Economics and Business/Centre for Land Tenure Studies, Norwegian University of Life Sciences, Ås, Norway

The Role of Land Certification in Reducing Gaps in Productivity between Male- and Female-Owned Farms in Rural Ethiopia

Mintewab Bezabih, Stein Holden & Andrea Mannberg

Low-cost land registration and certification impacts



the emergence of LAND MARKETS IN AFRICA

Impacts on Poverty, Equity, and Efficiency

edited by Stein T. Holden, Keijiro Otsuka & Frank M. Place

ENVIRONMENT FOR DEVELOPMENT Thomas Sterner, Series Editor

The first systematic attempt to address emerging land markets and their implications for poverty, equity, and efficiency across a number of African countries.

Revealed that land rental markets

- Are active in many African countries
- Also in customary tenure systems

The importance of Land Rental Markets for Rural Transformation



Agricultural Economics 37 (2007) 179-188

Sharecropping efficiency in Ethiopia: threats of eviction and kinship

Menale Kassie^{a,b,*}, Stein Holden^b

^aEnvironmental Economics Policy Forum for Ethiopia, P. O. Box 2479, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia ^bDepartment of Fconomics and Resource Management P.O. Box 5033, 1432 Ås, Norway

Journal of Agricultural Economics doi: 10.1111/1477-9552.12345

ıly 2007; accepted 26 July 2007

Variation in Output Shares and Endogenous Matching in Land Rental Contracts: Evidence from Ethiopia

Desta B. Gebrehiwot and Stein T. Holden¹

Reverse-Share-Tenancy and Agricultural Efficiency: Farm-Level Evidence from Ethiopia

Hosaena H. Ghebru^{a,*} and Stein T. Holden^b

^aInternational Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI), Washington, DC 20006, USA, and ^bNorwegian University of Life Sciences (UMB), Aas, Norway

Published by Palgrave Macmillan

August 2013

- This book examines the impact of land tenure reforms on poverty reduction and natural resource management in countries in Africa and Asia with highly diverse historical contexts
- → Importance of tenure security

Land Tenure Reform in Asia and Africa

Assessing Impacts on Poverty and Natural Resource Management

> Edited by Stein T. Holden, Keijiro Otsuka and Klaus Deininger





Land tenure reforms, tenure security and food security in poor agrarian economies: Causal linkages and research gaps

Stein T. Holden^{a,*}, Hosaena Ghebru^b

^a Centre for Land Tenure Studies/School of Economics and Business, Norwegian University of Life Sciences, P. O. Box 5003, 1432 Ås, Norway ^b International Food Policy Research Institute, Washington, D. C., USA

Policy Implications



The roles of land tenure reforms and land markets in the context of population growth and land use intensification in Africa

Stein T. Holden^{a,*}, Keijiro Otsuka^b

^a School of Economics and Business/Centre for Land Tenure Studies, Norwegian University of Life Sciences, 1432 Ås, Norway ^b GRIPS, Tokyo, Japan

Policies for Improved Food Security: The Roles of Land Tenure Policies and Land Markets



Stein T. Holden

Population growth implications





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r.com/locate/worlddev

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.worlddev.2014.06.013

Are Rural Youth in Ethiopia Abandoning Agriculture?

SOSINA BEZU and STEIN HOLDEN*

Norwegian University of Life Sciences, Aas, Norway

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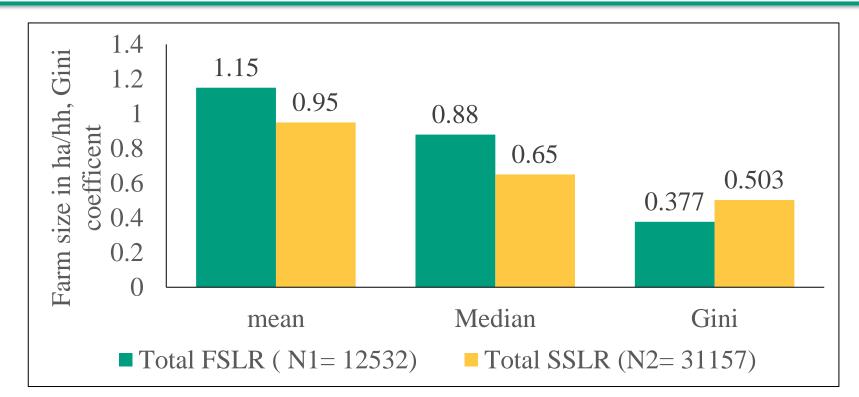
journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/worlddev

Farm size and gender distribution of land: Evidence from Ethiopian land registry data

Stein T. Holden^{a,*}, Mesfin Tilahun^{a,b}

^a School of Economics and Business, Norwegian University of Life Sciences, Box 5003, 1432 Ås, Norway ^b Mekelle University, Department of Economics, P. O. Box 451, Mekelle, Ethiopia

Changes from 1998 (First Stage Land Reg.) № to 2016 (Second Stage Land Reg.)



Farm size distributions in 4 districts in Tigray

Source: GoE Land Registry Data with own calculations.

Youth migration

- Rural population growth has contributed to shrinking farm sizes and land fragmentation: The smallest farms being unable to provide a secure and sustainable livelihood for rural households.
- Household food security is therefore threatened and chronic poverty a consequence unless the population pressure can be reduced through migration and provision of alternative non-farm sources of income or more productive technologies such as irrigation
- Accelerated outmigration from the most densely populated areas as a larger share of the households pass a threshold level of land available per capita (Wollaita: 30% of youth outmigrated in 5 years: 2007-2012)
- Youth employment and livelihoods a most important priority: Improve youth land access is one option

Land-poor youth and land access





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Are land-poor youth accessing rented land? Evidence from northern Ethiopia

Stein T. Holden^a, Mesfin Tilahun^{a,b,*}

^a School of Economics and Business, Norwegian University of Life Sciences, Box 5003, 1432 Ås, Norway
^b Mekelle University, Department of Economics, P. O. Box 451, Mekelle, Ethiopia

Land allocation to rural landless youth: The Youth Business Group model





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The importance of Ostrom's Design Principles: Youth group performance in northern Ethiopia

Stein T. Holden^{a,*}, Mesfin Tilahun^{a,b}

^a School of Economics and Business/Centre for Land Tenure Studies, Norwegian University of Life Sciences, P.O. Box 5003, 1432 Ås, Norway ^b Mekelle University, Department of Economics, P.O. Box 451, Mekelle, Ethiopia

The business groups largely organize themselves according to Ostrom's Design Principles Their performance is positively correlated with the number of her principles they follow: **Ostrom's Invisible Hand** ⁽²⁾ Routledge Research Companions in Business and Economics

BEHAVIOURAL ECONOMICS AND THE ENVIRONMENT

A RESEARCH COMPANION

Edited by Alessandro Bucciol, Alessandro Tavoni and Marcella Veronesi

4 How are social preferences of youth related to their motivations to invest in environmental conservation (local public goods)?

STEIN T. HOLDEN AND MESFIN TILAHUN

Youth group with exclosure area: from grazing land to fruit trees (with irrigation)

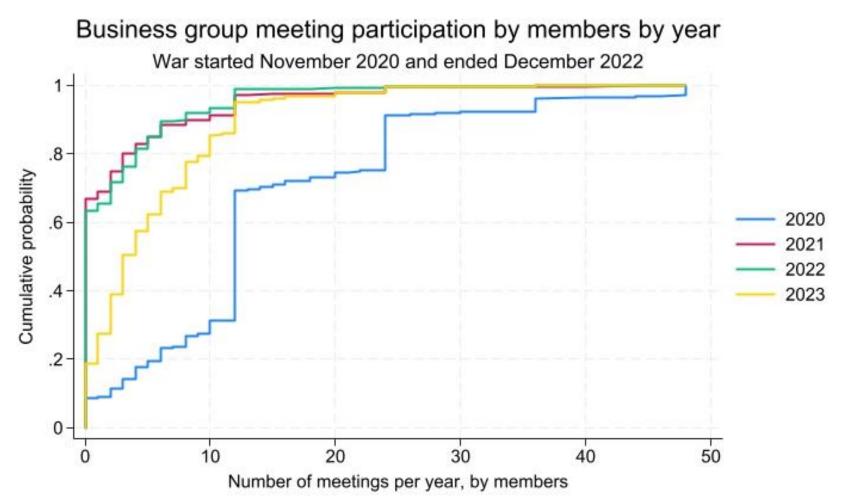




Youth group with exclosure with beehives and bee fodder and eucalyptus enrichment

Group meeting participation before, during, and after the war





Empowering women in business



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journal homepage: www.sciencedirect.com/journal/world-development-perspectives

Mobile phones, leadership and gender in rural business groups

Stein T. Holden^a, Mesfin Tilahun^{a,b,*}

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Journal of Behavioral and Experimental Economics

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jbee

Are risk preferences explaining gender differences in investment behavior?[☆] Stein T. Holden ^{a,*}, Mesfin Tilahun ^{a,b}

Climate shocks and risktaking



Environmental and Resource Economics https://doi.org/10.1007/s10640-024-00850-5

Can Climate Shocks Make Vulnerable Subjects More Willing to Take Risks?

Stein T. Holden¹ · Mesfin Tilahun^{1,2}

Fifty Years of Research on Land Tenure Policies and Land Markets: What Are the Major Lessons?

Chapter by <u>Stein T. Holden</u>

•Open Access •First Online: 02 December 2022 •pp 115–126 <u>Download book PDF</u> <u>Download book EPUB</u>

Book: Agricultural Development in Asia and Africa

Policy recommendations based on the studies in four regions I



- Allow land rental markets to work! This is good for poverty reduction and land use efficiency! Ethiopian laws impose too many restrictions on land rental markets and these restrictions can be counter-productive if enforced
 - Ensure conservation and investment incentives on rented land
- Do more to help motivated youth to access land: The Youth Business Group model implemented in Tigray provides interesting lessons